## BRITISH COLUMBIA COLLEGES

Senior High School Mathematics Contest, 2005

## Final Round, Part B

## Friday May 6, 2005

- 1. The digits 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 are each used once to compose a five digit number *abcde* such that the three digit number *abc* is divisible by 4, *bcd* is divisible by 5, and *cde* is divisible by 3. Find the digit *a*.
- 2. An urn contains three white, six red, and four black balls.
  - (a) If one ball is selected at random, what is the probability that the ball selected is red?
  - (b) If two balls are selected at random, what is the probability that they are both black?
  - (c) If two balls are selected at random, what is the probability that they are both black, given that they are the same colour?
- 3. In the diagram ABC is a right triangle with  $\overline{AB} = 3$  and  $\overline{AC} = 4$ . Further, each line segment  $A_iB_i$  is perpendicular to AC,  $A_1$  bisects AC, and  $A_{i+1}$  bisects  $A_iC$ . Find the total length of the sequence of diagonal segments

$$BA_1 + B_1A_2 + B_2A_3 + \cdots$$

4. The equation

$$x^2 - 3x + q = 0$$

has two real roots  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$ . Knowing that  $\alpha^3 + \beta^3 = 81$ , find the value of q. Hint: It is not best to use the quadratic formula.

5. A four-digit number which is a perfect square is created by writing Anne's age in years followed by Tom's age in years. Similarly, in 31 years, their ages in the same order will again form a four-digit perfect square. Determine the present ages of Anne and Tom.

